## **Claims**

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- 1. A planiplaniform transmucosal pharmaceutical administration form which is distinguished by low solubility within the oral cavity and release of active compound which is rapid and constant over a relatively long period, characterized in that it is composed of a solid solution of the active compound
- a) in a phosphatidylcholine fraction in which the fatty acid residues are at least 90% saturated, or
- b) in a mixture of the phosphatidylcholine fraction specified under a) and a copolymer composed of maleic acid and an alkyl vinyl ether, and, where appropriate, further pharmaceutically tolerated adjuvants and additives.
- 2. The administration form as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that it comprises at least 80% by weight of the phosphatidylcholine fraction in accordance with a).
  - 3. The administration form as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that it comprises polyvinylpyrrolidone as additive.
- 4. The administration form as claimed in one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the active compound is suitable for treating the abuse of addiction-inducing drugs and dependence on these drugs.
- 5. The administration form as claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the active compound is a fused indole derivative and/or its acid addition salt.
  - 6. The administration form as claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the active compound is 7-azabicyclo(2.2.1)heptane, 7-azabicyclo(2.2.1)heptene and/or a derivative of this compound.

- 7. The administration form as claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the active compound is ebibatidine and/or a derivative of this compound.
- 5 8. The administration form as claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the active compound is a benzylidene- and cinnamylidene-annabasiene or a derivative of this compound.
- The administration form as claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 4,
  characterized in that the active compound is selected from the compound group mecamylamine, hypericin, CP-52655 and buproprion and/or one of their derivatives.
- 10. The administration form as claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 4,15 characterized in that the active compound is selected from the group of oxazolidinone derivatives and befloxatones.
- 11. The administration form as claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the active compound is the cannabinoid receptor (CB 1) antagonist SR 141716.